



# SparkView

Client Gateway Communication Protocol  
(Subject to change)

**0.3**  
**January 13, 2020**

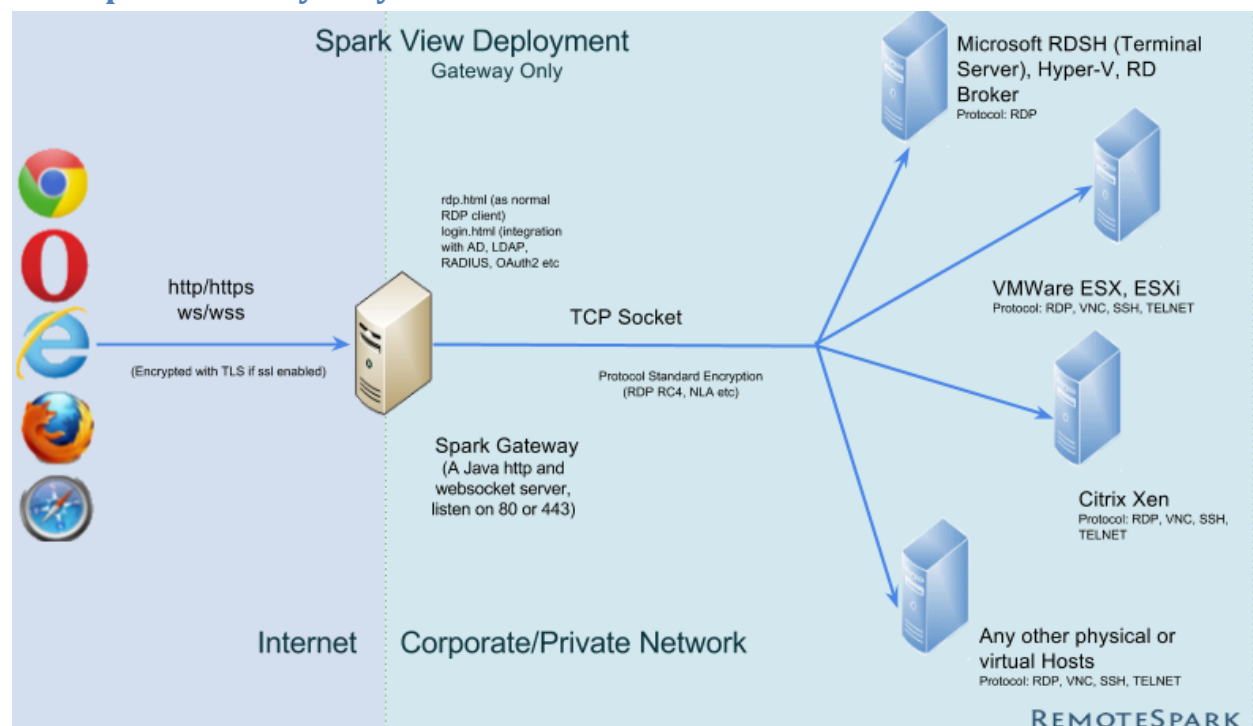
## Contents

Contents.....	2
1. Deployment.....	3
1.1. SparkGateway only .....	3
1.2. SparkGateway with reverse proxy, load balancer or VPN .....	4
2. Integration without programming .....	5
2.1. Microsoft RD Web Access portal .....	5
2.2. Active Directory and LDAP .....	5
2.3. Radius.....	6
2.4. OAuth2 .....	7
2.5. SAML .....	8
2.6. Single Sign-On (SSO) with HTTP Basic Authentication .....	8
3. Client side (Browser) integration .....	8
3.1. Use 8 lines of code to start a remote connection from a web page .....	8
3.2. Using object or cookie for parameters .....	11
3.3. Resource redirection and parameters .....	12
3.4. Start a program on connection (as Shell).....	22
3.5. Start RemoteApp.....	22
3.6. Virtual Channel (VC) and Dynamic Virtual Channel extension .....	23
3.7. Gateway Channel .....	24
3.8. Configuration file and others .....	25
4. Server Side Integration .....	25
4.1. HTTP API.....	25
Create servers on gateway: .....	25
List servers: .....	25
Create symlink on gateway:.....	26
List symlinks: .....	26
List sessions:.....	27
Upload license file:.....	28
Get gateway information .....	28

Reset Two Factor Authentication .....	28
Error handling: .....	28
4.2. Plug-in .....	28
4.2.1. Start gateway and the plug-in example project in Eclipse.....	29
4.2.2. Handshake plug-in .....	32
4.2.3. Deploy your plug-in.....	34
Appendix A: Integration with symlink Use Case .....	36
Appendix B: Integration with third party application or HTTP service .....	38
Appendix C: Integration with plugin Use Case.....	38
Appendix D: Chromium Embedded Framework (CEF), WebView and Electron .....	39

## 1. Deployment

### 1.1. SparkGateway only



Pros:

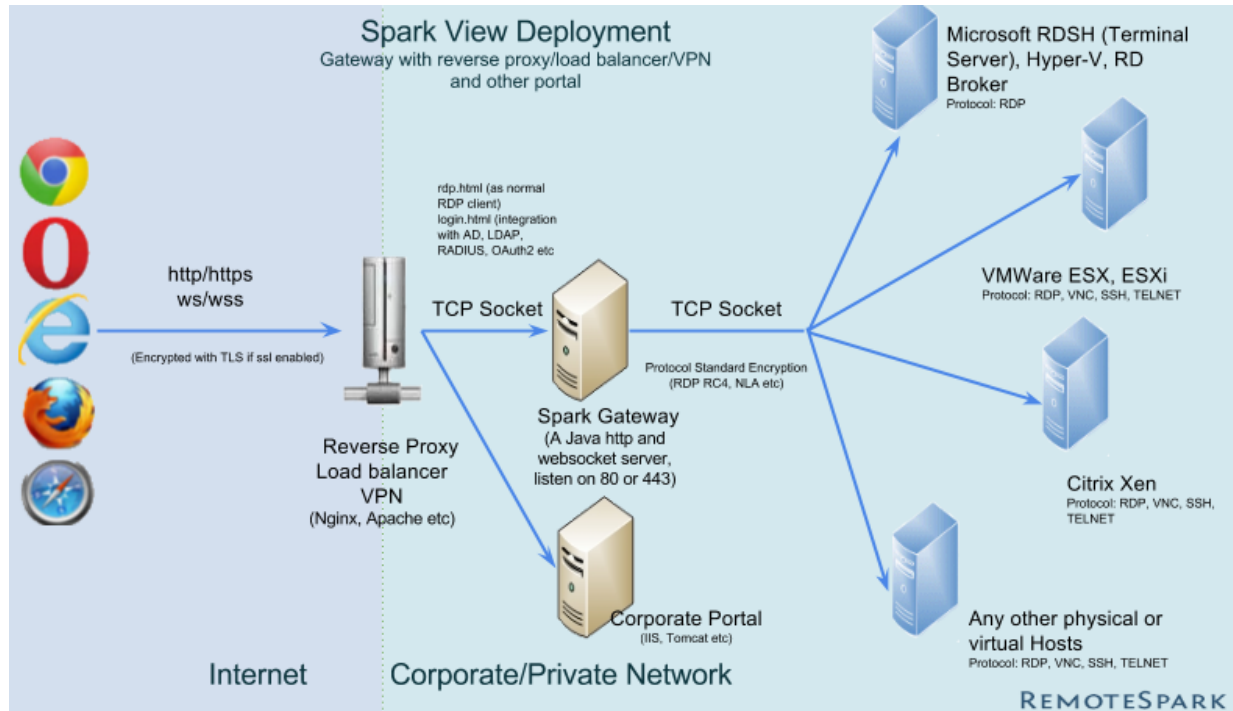
- Easy and fast, 15 minutes to install Java and Spark View
- Use SparkView as a normal RDP client with white list, black list.

- Integrate with Active Directory, LDAP, RADIUS, OAuth2, MS RD Web Feed easily.
- No need another web server.

Cons:

- You can customize the static web page, but if you need a dynamic web page, you'll need to write a plug-in for SparkGateway

## 1.2. SparkGateway with reverse proxy, load balancer or VPN



Pros:

- High availability
- No need to expose SparkGateway
- Seamlessly integrate into current environment
- Tested on Nginx, Apache; VPNs from F5, Cisco, Juniper, Dell, Check Point etc.
- Programming on your existing portal with familiar technology, like JSP, ASP.NET, PHP etc.

## 2. Integration without programming

### 2.1. Microsoft RD Web Access portal

Assume your web portal address is: <https://MyRDPortal/RdWeb>. You need to set up the following 2 entries in gateway.conf:

```
webfeed = https://MyRDPortal/RDWeb/feed/webfeed.aspx
directoryIndex = login.html
```

Checklist:

- Verify the web feed URL with your browser. You'll see a cookie or XML displayed.
- Clean the browser cache if your gateway start page is not changed to login.html
- Make sure NTLM authentication on IIE is enabled: [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc754628\(v=ws.10\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc754628(v=ws.10).aspx)
- Make sure RDWeb/Pages and RDWeb/Feed on IIS is using "Windows authentication" authentication mode instead of "Forms Authentication".

### 2.2. Active Directory and LDAP

If all your users are domain users, please create a plain text file (encoding: UTF-8 without Byte Order Mark) with following context:

```
{
  "source":{
    "type": "AD",
    "properties": {
      "server": "ADServerAddress"
    }
  }
}
```

Save it as users.json or other name and specify the location of this file in gateway.conf:

```
user = C:\\workspace\\data\\users.json
```

You can configure servers used by all the users in servers.json and specify the location of servers.json in gateway.conf:

```
server = C:\\workspace\\data\\servers.json
```

If you are using a LDAP server, please change the type to “LDAP”

You can also configure AD/LDAP users in users.json:

```
{
  "users": [
    {
      "name": "user1",
      "password": "user1",
      "servers": [
        "RdpServer1",
        "TEST",
        "Excel 2010"
      ],
      "isDomainUser": true,
      "transferCredential": true,
      "domainServer": "serverAddr"
    }
  ]
}
```

## 2.3. Radius

```
{
  "source": {
    "type": "RADIUS",
    "properties": {
      "server": "192.168.12.128",
      "port": "1812",
      "accountingPort": "1813",
      "sharedSecret": "test123"
    }
  }
}
```

```

        "timeout": "60000",

        "retryCount": "3"

    }

}

}

```

- Make sure the IP of Spark Gateway is listed as a client on RADIUS server.
- Make sure the timeout is at least 60000 milliseconds if your RADIUS server is using multi factor authentication, like Azure MFA.

## 2.4. OAuth2

First, save your OAuth2 provider configuration into a JSON file, for example:

```

{
    "providers" : [{
        "name" : "Google",
        "client_id" : "650561938988-
t2r66k1ms3hpoi3k1e2g7l2adlarau8s.apps.googleusercontent.com",
        "client_secret" : "-D-nhxWn2E97tZWWLg5IQ6Ak",
        "request_uri" : "https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth",
        "redirect_uri" : "http://localhost/oauth2callback",
        "access_token_uri": "https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/token",
        "scope": "openid email"
    },
    {
        "name" : "Live",
        "client_id" : "0000000040133A31",
        "client_secret" : "p9WwBr2Pyrq6mtaeZCwTSwqblF39Br3Z",
        "request_uri" : "https://login.live.com/oauth20_authorize.srf",
        "redirect_uri" : "http://www.remotespark2.com/oauth2callback",
    }
}

```

```

    "access_token_uri": "https://login.live.com/oauth20_token.srf",
    "scope": "wl.emails",
    "profile_uri": "https://apis.live.net/v5.0/me"
  }
]
}

```

Second, specify the position of this file in gateway.conf:

oauth2 = [\\user\\local\\bin\\SparkViewGateway\\oauth2.json](#)

For more information, please check the source code of login.html.

## 2.5. SAML

<http://www.remotespark.com/view/SAML.pdf>

## 2.6. Single Sign-On (SSO) with HTTP Basic Authentication

You can enable HTTP Basic Authentication on SparkGateway by setting authorization=Basic in gateway.conf, so all the RDP connections will use credentials from the HTTP Authorization header.

This can be used for VPN SSO integration etc.

## 3. Client side (Browser) integration

You can start a remote connection from your portal or even from a local web page.

### 3.1. Use 8 lines of code to start a remote connection from a web page

**Save a JavaScript file as tutorial1.page.js with the following content:**

```

window.onload = function() {
    var gateway = '192.168.12.111',//change this to your Spark gateway address
    server = '192.168.12.117',//change this to your RDP server address
    url = 'ws://' + gateway + '/RDP?server=' + server + '&user=vmuser&pwd=password';
    var r = new svGlobal.Rdp(url);
    r.addSurface(new svGlobal.LocalInterface());
    r.run();
}

```

```
};
```

**Save a web page as tutorial1.html with the following content:**

```
<!doctype html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
```

```
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
```

```
<title>Spark View (RDP)</title>
```

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width = device-width, initial-scale = 1.0, user-scalable = yes,  
minimum-scale = 0.1, maximum-scale = 8" />
```

```
<meta name="apple-mobile-web-app-capable" content="yes" />
```

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="../hi5.css" />
```

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="../rdp.css" />
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="../appcfg.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="../resource.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="../hi5core_min.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="../hi5_min.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="../surface_min.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="../rdpcore_min.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="../rdp_min.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="tutorial1.page.js"></script>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```

        <div>

            <canvas id="remotectrl"></canvas>

        </div>

</body>

</html>

```

Double click on the html file and open it in your browser. You don't even need a HTTP server for this demo.

#### Checklist:

- <!doctype html> to enable HTML5.
- <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge"> to suggest Internet Explorer using the edge web engine.
- Viewport meta tag for touch interface
- "apple-mobile-web-app-capable" meta tag to allow users to create shortcut on home screen (iOS).
- SparkView JavaScript libraries for RDP connection: appcfg.js (configuration), resource.js (language resource), hi5\_min.js (common utilities), surface\_min.js (UI), rdp\_min.js (RDP decoder). Don't forget hi5.css and rdp.css style sheets.
- A canvas element with id "remotectrl" to display the remote connection. If you are using a different id, you need to specify it when creating the LocalInterface in your JavaScript code: new svGlobal.LocalInterface('MyCanvasId')
- Make sure the JavaScript library is loaded before you start a remote connection. A good place is the window.onload event.
- SparkView client will manage the width and height of canvas. Never try to set it up in your code. Never set up the width and height with CSS.
- **Make sure you include hi5core\_min.js and rdpcore\_min.js since 5.0.**
- You can set userWorker: false in appcfg.js to disable Web Workers (JavaScript threads).

#### Troubleshooting:

- Check the JavaScript console log from your browser (F12 or Developer Tools)
- Check SparkGateway log (InstallDir/logs/)
- Internet Explorer may still be in legacy mode.

- You may need to configure hi5.libPath if you are using the JS library in your portal. For example, you can configure this in appcfg.js: hi5.appcfg = {...}; hi5.libPath = 'pathRelatedToYourWebRoot';
- The web worker will load rdpworker\_min.js, hi5core\_min.js, rdpcore\_min.js at runtime. They are supposed to be in the same directory with your web page by default. If not, you can configure hi5.libPath to resolve this issue, but if your gateway is behind VPN and JavaScript rewriter is used by the VPN, this path can be rewritten with a wrong value (VPN JS rewriter bug). In this case, you can leave hi5.libPath as blank and copy those 3 js files to the web page directory as a workaround.

### 3.2. Using object or cookie for parameters

You can also use objects or cookie for parameters:

#### Object parameters with Rdp2:

```
window.onload = function() {
    var parameters = {gateway: '192.168.12.111',
        server: '192.168.12.117',
        user: 'vmuser',
        pwd: 'password'};
    var r = new svGlobal.Rdp2(parameters);
    r.addSurface(new svGlobal.LocalInterface());
    r.run();
};
```

#### Cookie parameters with Rdp2:

```
window.onload = function() {
    document.cookie = 'gateway=192.168.12.111';
    document.cookie = 'server=192.168.12.117';
    document.cookie = 'user=vmuser';
    document.cookie = 'pwd=password';
    var r = new svGlobal.Rdp2();
    r.addSurface(new svGlobal.LocalInterface());
};
```

```
        r.run();  
    };
```

You can only set cookies if the web page is from http server.

#### HTTP Header parameters:

Following parameters can also be transferred within HTTP Headers:

gw\_server, gw\_port, gw\_symlink, gw\_user, gw\_pwd

#### Best practices:

Don't mix your web page with JavaScript code. You should always put your JavaScript code into external files because:

- Content-Security-Policy HTTP header can block this kind of mixed content.
- This is blocked by Chrome Web Store App.
- You cannot "pretty print" your code in browser's Developer Tool, which is helpful when the JavaScript code is minified.
- You cannot dynamically modify your code in the Developer Tool, which is really helpful on debugging and verifying your fix.
- It's better to put the Canvas element in a DIV.
- You can have multiple Canvas elements in one page (using iframe or DIV) for multiple remote connections.

### 3.3. Resource redirection and parameters

SparkView has resource redirection (clipboard, drive, audio redirection etc.) disabled by default for safety reasons. You need to implicitly enable them by setting up extra parameters.

Resource redirection can be enabled on both, client side using the JavaScript library and server side using the servers.json.

Resource redirection	Parameter
Clipboard	mapClipboard=on
Drive	mapDisk=on  Also need to configure tmpdir in gateway.conf

Printer	<p>mapPrinter=on</p> <p>printer=Your Printer Name</p> <p>You can also configure printerDriver and printer (name) in gateway.conf</p> <p>You also need to install a PostScript to PDF converter or PCL to PDF converter (depends on your printer driver) on the gateway computer (no need to install it on RDP server) and configure the location and command arguments for the converter in gateway.conf:</p> <p>converter = D:\\Programs\\gs\\gs9.16\\bin\\gswin32c.exe</p> <p>arguments = -dBATCH -dNOPAUSE -dUseCIEColor -dPDFSETTINGS=/printer -sDEVICE=pdfwrite -q -sOutputFile=%1 %2</p>
Audio Playback	<p>playAudio=0</p> <p>soundPref=0: low audio quality, low bandwidth usage.</p> <p>soundPref=1: hight audio quality, height bandwidth usage.</p>
Audio Input (Microphone)	audioRecord=on
Time zone	timezone= encodeURIComponent ('(GMT-07:00) Mountain Standard Time')

Please check the Administrator's Manual for all parameters you can use.

Example of "enable clipboard redirection":

```
var r = new svGlobal.Rdp('ws://gatewayAddr/RDP?server=192.168.12.117&mapClipboard=on');
```

### Frequently used parameters

Parameter	Value
-----------	-------

port	Integer, RDP listening port. Optional, default is 3389 for RDP, 5900 for VNC, 22 for SSH, 23 for Telnet
user	String, user name (Windows User).
pwd	String, password for user name.
domain	String, domain name
keyboard	Integer, keyboard layout, default is 0x409 (US)
width	Integer, screen width of RDP session. Default is 800
height	Integer, screen height of RDP session. Default is 600
vmid	Hyper-V VM GUID, For example: B3D5444C-2611-405A-9CA0-7AA8DA94DF0B, it's for Hyper-V console connection.
minWidth, minHeight	Minimum width and height, some applications can only work on a minimum resolution.

#### **Printer driver issue:**


**[Since version 5.7, Spark View can choose the best available driver automatically. It's not recommended to set up the printer driver unless you have special needs. The followings is for reference only]**

SparkGateway will use "MS Publisher Imagesetter" as the default printer driver, because all Windows have this driver installed by default. We found some problems with this driver: It woks good if you print only few pages, it'll generate huge raw printing file (>1GB) if you are printing more than 50 pages. It's better to change the printer driver in the gateway.conf:

```
printerDriver = HP Color LaserJet 8500 PS
```

You should make sure your RDP server has this printer driver installed. This is how to find a PostScript printer driver:

×

←  Add Printer

Find a printer by other options

☐ My printer is a little older. Help me find it.

☐ Select a shared printer by name

Browse...

Example: \\computername\printername or  
http://computername/printers/printername/.printer


☐ Add a printer using a TCP/IP address or hostname



☐ Add a Bluetooth, wireless or network discoverable printer

☒ Add a local printer or network printer with manual settings

Next

Cancel



 Add Printer

### Choose a printer port

A printer port is a type of connection that allows your computer to exchange information with a printer.

☒ Use an existing port:

LPT1: (Printer Port) ▾

☐ Create a new port:

Type of port: Local Port ▾

Next

Cancel



← Add Printer

## Install the printer driver



Choose your printer from the list. Click Windows Update to see more models.

To install the driver from an installation CD, click Have Disk.

Manufacturer	Printers
HP	HP Color LaserJet 9500 PCL6 Class Driver
InfoPrint	HP Color LaserJet 9500 PS Class Driver
infotec	HP Color LaserJet A3/11x17 Hardware-Copy PCL6 Class Driver
KONICA MINOLTA	HP Color LaserJet A3/11x17 PCL6 Class Driver



This driver is digitally signed.

[Tell me why driver signing is important](#)


Windows Update

Have Disk...

Next

Cancel



←  Add Printer

Type a printer name

Printer name:

HP Color LaserJet 9500 PS Class Driver

This printer will be installed with the HP Color LaserJet 9500 PS Class Driver driver.

Next

Cancel

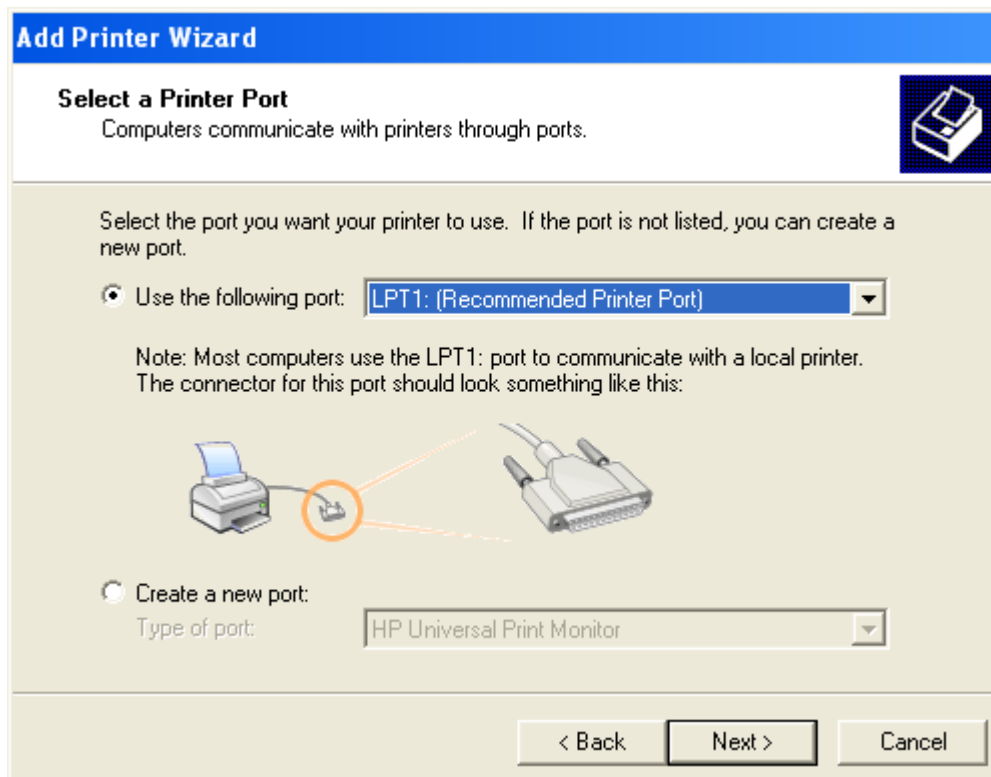
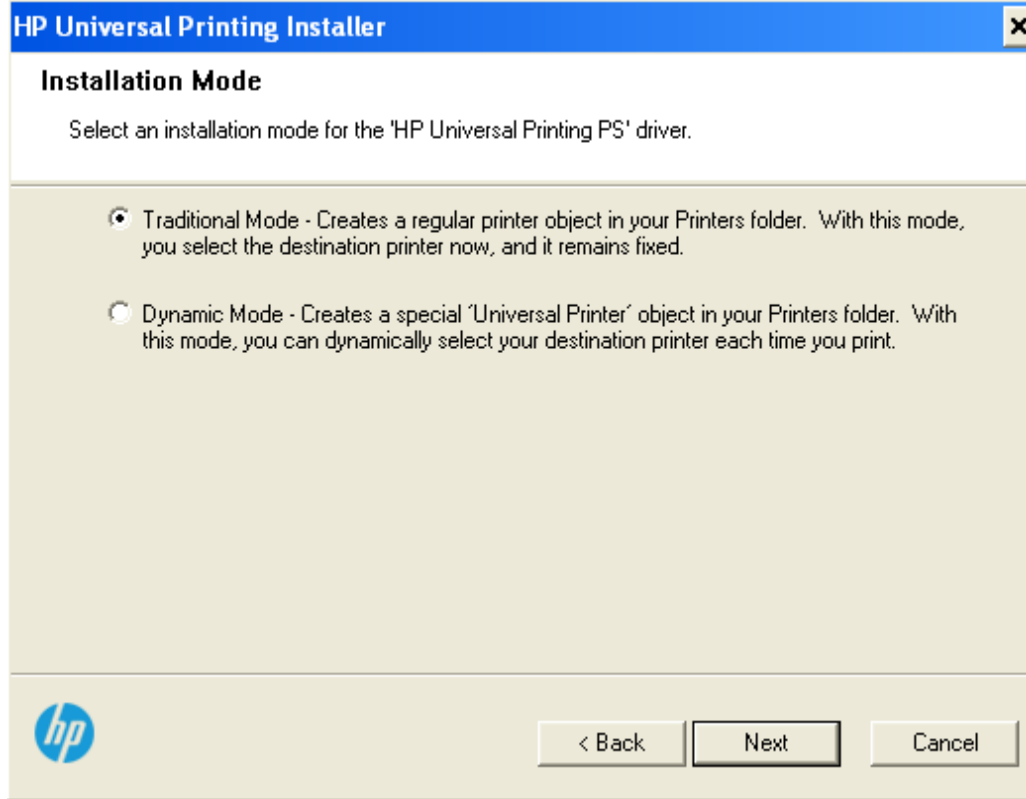
Copy the selected printer name then “Cancel”. You don’t need to actually install it, then you set up this printer driver in gateway.conf.

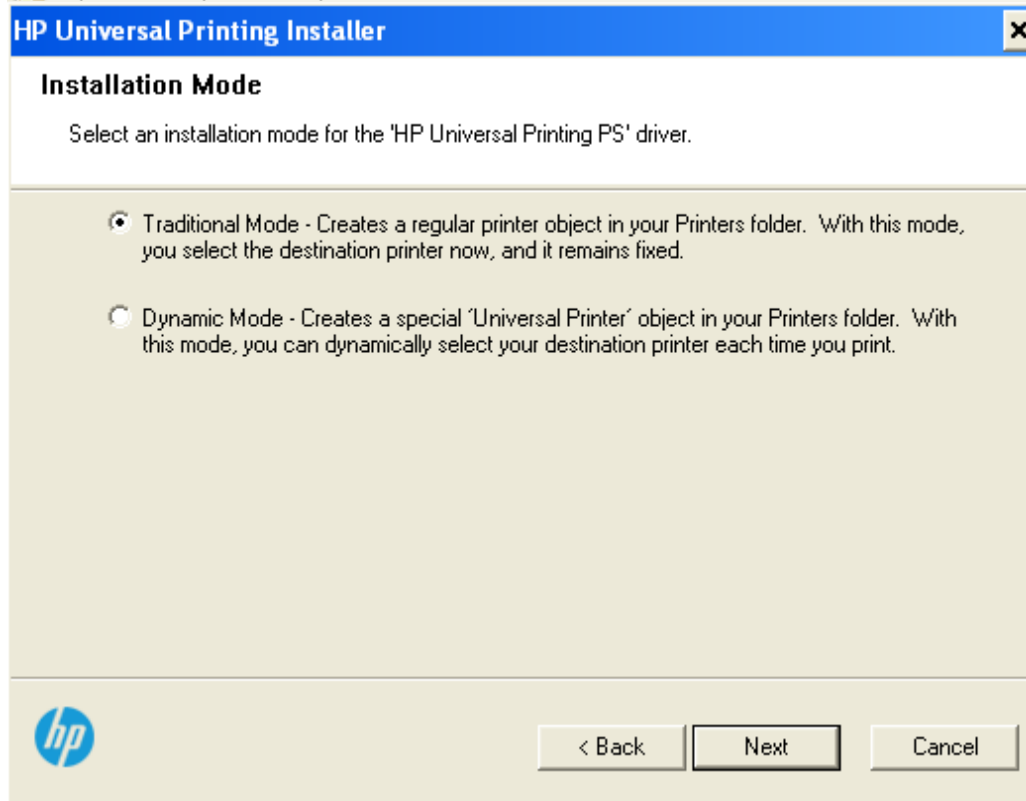
Please make sure it’s a PostScript or PCL printer. You need to set up the PostScript to PDF converter or PCL to PDF converter accordingly in gateway.conf

#### **Install HP Universal PostScript Printer Driver:**

Download it from:

[http://h20331.www2.hp.com/hpsub/cache/343033-0-0-225-121.html?jumpid=ex\\_r2845\\_go/upd](http://h20331.www2.hp.com/hpsub/cache/343033-0-0-225-121.html?jumpid=ex_r2845_go/upd)






### Add Printer Wizard

#### Local or Network Printer

The wizard needs to know which type of printer to set up.

Select the option that describes the printer you want to use:

- ☒ Local printer attached to this computer
  - ☐ Automatically detect and install my Plug and Play printer
- ☐ A network printer, or a printer attached to another computer

 To set up a network printer that is not attached to a print server, use the "Local printer" option.

< Back   Next >   Cancel

### Add Printer Wizard


#### Select a Printer Port

Computers communicate with printers through ports.

Select the port you want your printer to use. If the port is not listed, you can create a new port.

☒ Use the following port: LPT1: (Recommended Printer Port)

Note: Most computers use the LPT1: port to communicate with a local printer. The connector for this port should look something like this:



☐ Create a new port: Type of port: HP Universal Print Monitor

< Back   Next >   Cancel

Set up the printer driver name in gateway.conf:

printerDriver = HP Universal Printing PS

### 3.4. Start a program on connection (as Shell)

Set up the following parameters:

```
startProgram=shell
```

```
command=encodeURIComponent('C:\\apps\\notepad.exe')
```

```
directory= encodeURIComponent('C:\\apps\\')
```

#### Checklist:

You may need to allow the RDP server to run any application if you are connecting to a Windows server.

### 3.5. Start RemoteApp

Add the following parameters if you want to start the RemoteApp in current browser window:

```
startProgram=app
```

```
exe= | | WINWORD
```

```
directory= encodeURIComponent('C:\\apps\\')
```

#### Start RemoteApp in a new window:

```
function startRemoteApp(remoteApp, args, dir, url){  
    var r = svManager.getInstance() || new svGlobal.Rdp(url); //reuse existing session if available  
  
    function onSurfaceReady(surface){  
        r.addSurface(surface);  
        if (r.running()){  
            r.startApp(remoteApp, args, dir);  
        }else{  
            r.run();  
        }  
    };  
  
    window.svOnSurfaceReady = onSurfaceReady;  
  
    var rail = window.open('rail.html');
```

```

rail.svOnSurfaceReady = onSurfaceReady;
}

window.onload = function() {

var gateway = 'w-think',//change this to your Spark gateway address

    server = '192.168.12.132',//change this to your RDP server address

    user = 'vmuser',

    password = 'password',

    remoteApp = '| | notepad',

    args = "",

    dir = "",

    url = 'ws://' + gateway + '/RDP?server=' + server + '&startProgram=app' + '&exe=' +
encodeURIComponent(remoteApp) + '&user=' + user + '&pwd=' + password;

    startRemoteApp(remoteApp, args, dir, url);

};

```

#### Checklist:

- Make sure you use the alias name of the RemoteApp and with “| |” before the name.
- Make sure you publish the RemoteApp on your Windows first.

### 3.6. Virtual Channel (VC) and Dynamic Virtual Channel extension

SparkView JavaScript client supports standard RDP virtual channel and dynamical virtual channel extension. You can create multiple virtual channels and dynamic virtual channels on client side using JavaScript (You can only create one VC before 4.0):

```
var r = new svGlobal.Rdp(protocol + gw + "/RDP?" + s, w, h, server_bpp);
```

```

        var vc = new r.VirtualChannel();//Use r.DynamicChannel to create a
dynamic virtual channel
        vc.name = "CUST";
        vc.process = function(buffer){
            console.log(buffer.getByte());
            console.log(buffer.getLittleEndian16());
        };
        vc.onopen = function(){
            var data = new Array(7);
            var rb = new RdpBuffer(data, 0, 7);
            rb.setByte(1);
            rb.setLittleEndian16(345);
            rb.setLittleEndian32(567);
            rb.markEnd();
            vc.send(rb);
        };
        r.addChannel(vc);

```

Virtual Channel is used to communicate with RDP host. You also need to write a plug-in for the RDP host. Please check the following for more information:

[http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa383546\(v=vs.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa383546(v=vs.85).aspx)

<http://www.codeproject.com/Articles/16374/How-to-Write-a-Terminal-Services-Add-in-in-Pure-C>

### 3.7. Gateway Channel

You can create multiple gateway channels to create a communication layer between client browser and the gateway:

```

var gvc = new r.GatewayChannel();
    gvc.name = "gvc";
    gvc.process = function(buffer){
        console.log(buffer.getByte());
        console.log(buffer.getLittleEndian16());
    };
    gvc.onopen = function(){
        var data = new Array(7);
        var rb = new RdpBuffer(data, 0, 7);
        rb.setByte(3);
        rb.setLittleEndian16(45);
        rb.setLittleEndian32(678);
        rb.markEnd();
        gvc.send(rb);
    };
    r.addGatewayChannel(gvc);

```

On gateway side, your class must extend `com.toremote.gateway.plugin.AbstractGatewayChannel` and register it with the same name using `HandlerManager.registerChannel()`. Please check the plug-in example for more information.

### 3.8. Configuration file and others

You can use appcfg.js to configure some parameters for the client. Please check the source code of appcfg.js for more details.

## 4. Server Side Integration

### 4.1. HTTP API

You can use HTTP request to create a server, symlink dynamically if you don't want to write a plug-in for the gateway.

To use the HTTP server, you'll need to configure a password in gateway.conf:

Password = yourPassword

Then you can use MD5 hash of this password with the HTTP API.

#### Create servers on gateway:

<http://gatewayAddress/SERVER?id=serverId&displayName=Name&server=hostName&gatewayPwd=passwordInGateway.conf&...>

gatewayPwd is hexadecimal MD5 hash of the password which is configured in gateway.conf.

To delete a server add "&action=delete" to the URL; to update a server, add "&action=update" to the URL.

#### List servers:

<http://w-think/SERVER?action=list&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3&id=ATPlus>

It returns the asked server if id is specified:

```
{
  "id": "ATPlus",
  "displayName": "ATPlus",
  "server": "cloud.thinrdp.net",
  "shadowing": false,
  "protocols": "rdp",
  "icon": "kbd.png",
  "rdp": {
    "username": "demo",
    "password": "demo"
  }
}
```

It returns all servers if id is not specified:

```
{
  "display" : true,
  "type" : "NORMALLIST",
  "cols" : [
    { "name" : "id" },
    { "name" : "displayName" },
    { "name" : "server" },
    { "name" : "remoteProgram" },
  ]
}
```

```

        {"name": "command"}],

    "rows" :

        [{"ATPlus", "ATPlus", "192.168.12.117", "", ""},

        ["WordPad", "WordPad", "192.168.0.118", "", "wordpad.exe"]]

}

```

#### Create symlink on gateway:

<http://gatewayAddress/SYMLINK?symlink=symlinkId&server=existingServerId&validTime=20m&gatewayPwd=passwordInGateway.conf&...>

You can also use "validFrom", "validTo" parameters. Please check

<http://www.remotespark.com/view/doc/com/toremove/gateway/connection/SymLink.html> for more information.

To delete a symlink, add "&action=delete" to the URL; to update a symlink, add "&action=update" to the URL.

#### List symlinks:

<http://w-think/SYMLINK?action=list&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3&symlink=212a155e-e951-40db-95ea-177183174fa7>

It returns the asked symlink if symlink is specified:

```

{"id": "212a155e-e951-40db-95ea-177183174fa7", "resourceId": "169.254.146.243", "validFrom": "Aug 26, 2015 12:00:00 AM", "parameters": ""}

```

It returns all the symlinks if symlink is not specified:

```

{"cols": [{"name": "id"},

        {"name": "resourceId"},

        {"name": "password"},

        {"name": "validFrom"},

        {"name": "validTime"},

        {"name": "validTo"},

        {"name": "parameters"},

        {"name": "comment"}],

    "rows": [{"212a155e-e951-40db-95ea-177183174fa7", "169.254.146.243", "", 1440568800000, "", 0, "", ""},

    ""],

```

```
["c5c6bc9d-f8a7-42ca-af9c-bd28c86adab4", "169.254.146.243", "", 1452544860000, "",  
0, "", ""]]  
}
```

#### List sessions:

<http://w-think/SESSION?action=list&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3&id=a29575a9-08c2-4162-9bfb-4876820953db>

It returns the single session information if session id is specified:

```
{"id":"a29575a9-08c2-4162-9bfb-  
4876820953db","server":"192.168.12.118","clientIp":"169.254.84.132","clientAgent":"Mozilla/5.0  
(Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/47.0.2526.111  
Safari/537.36","thumbnail":"","startTime":"Tue Jan 26 15:38:55 MST  
2016","numericId":621779525,"user":"","domain":"","rdpId":1,"startTime2":1453847935826}
```

It returns all sessions if session id is not specified:

```
{"cols":[{"name":"id"},  
  
{"name":"server"},  
  
{"name":"clientIp"},  
  
{"name":"clientAgent"},  
  
{"name":"startTime"},  
  
{"name":"numericId"},  
  
{"name":"user"},  
  
{"name":"domain"},  
  
{"name":"join"},  
  
{"name":"protocol"},  
  
{"name":"symlink"},  
  
{"name":"thumbnail"}],  
  
"size":1,  
  
"rows":[[{"a29575a9-08c2-4162-9bfb-4876820953db","192.168.12.118","169.254.84.132","Mozilla/5.0  
(Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/47.0.2526.111  
Safari/537.36","Tue Jan 26 15:38:55 MST 2016",621779525,"","","","RDP","",""]]
```

}

It returns multiple session information if ids parameter is used:

<http://w-think/SESSION?action=list&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3&id=a29575a9-08c2-4162-9bfb-4876820953db&ids=sessinId1,sessionId2>

[{session1}, {session2}]

#### **Upload license file:**

<http://w-think/CONTROL?licenseFile=base64encodedLicenseFile&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3>

Please make sure you encode the value of licenseFile. For example:  
encodeURIComponent(base64encodedLicenseFile)

The new license file information will be returned in JSON format if the license file was uploaded successfully.

To query the current license file information, you can use:

<http://w-think/CONTROL?licenseFile=.&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3>

#### **Get gateway information**

<http://w-think/CONTROL?target=gateway>

{"version":"5.8.0","buildNumber":"941","buildTime":"2020\_03\_04\_10","startTime":1583342850085}

Password is not needed for this gateway information request.

#### **Reset Two Factor Authentication**

<http://w-think/CONTROL?target=twofa&user=Username>

#### **Error handling:**

HTTP request will return HTTP Status code 500 and {"error": "error information"} in JSON if there is an error. For example, server or symlink with specified id was not found when you try to get a server or symlink.

HTTP request will return status code 200 if operation succeeded

## **4.2. Plug-in**

The gateway is a multi-thread application, so make sure your plug-in is:

- Thread safe.
- Spawn a thread if the operation takes more than 5 seconds, otherwise, it could cause a network timeout exception and block the gateway.

- Use `Collections.synchronizedList()`, `Collections.synchronizedMap`, `ConcurrentHashMap` etc.
- Avoid anonymous class which could cause memory leak.
- Make your plug-in stateless if possible.
- Logging could be a bottle neck sometimes.

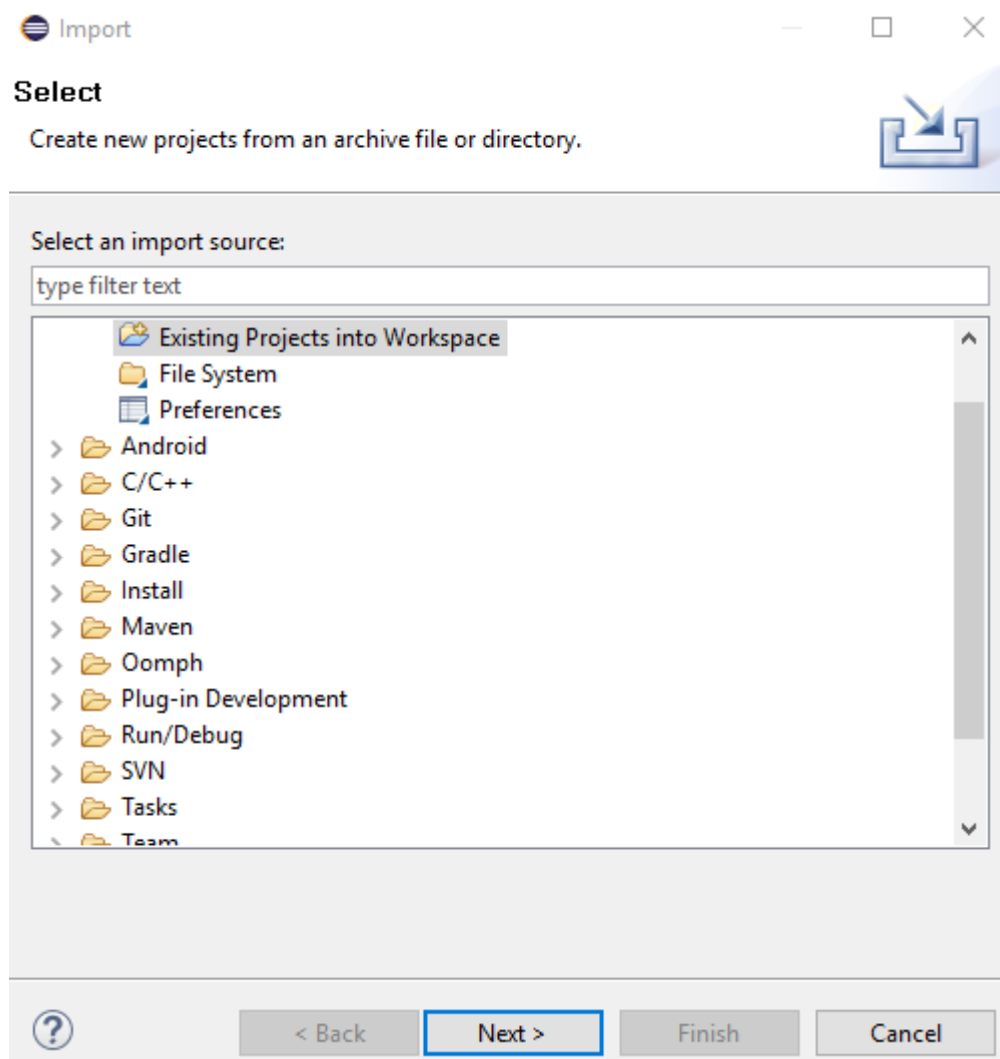
#### 4.2.1. Start gateway and the plug-in example project in Eclipse

Download the plug-in example:

<http://remotespark.com/Plugin.zip>

Extract the zip to your Eclipse workspace.

File -> Import:



Click “Next”

**Import**

### Import Projects

⚠ Some projects cannot be imported because they already exist in the workspace

☒ Select root directory: C:\workspace

☐ Select archive file:

**Projects:**

- ☒ Plugin (C:\workspace\Plugin)
- ☐ RdpLibDemo (C:\workspace\RdpLibDemo)
- ☐ RdpProtocol (C:\workspace\RdpProtocol)
- ☐ rdpv (C:\workspace\rdpv)
- ☐ RealTecClient (C:\workspace\RealTecClient)
- ☐ RealTecPlugin (C:\workspace\RealTecPlugin)
- ☐ RemoteDesktop (C:\workspace\RemoteDesktop)
- ☐ RemoteGateway (C:\workspace\RemoteGateway)
- ☐ RemoteTest (C:\workspace\RemoteTest)

**Options**

- ☐ Search for nested projects
- ☐ Copy projects into workspace
- ☐ Hide projects that already exist in the workspace

**Working sets**

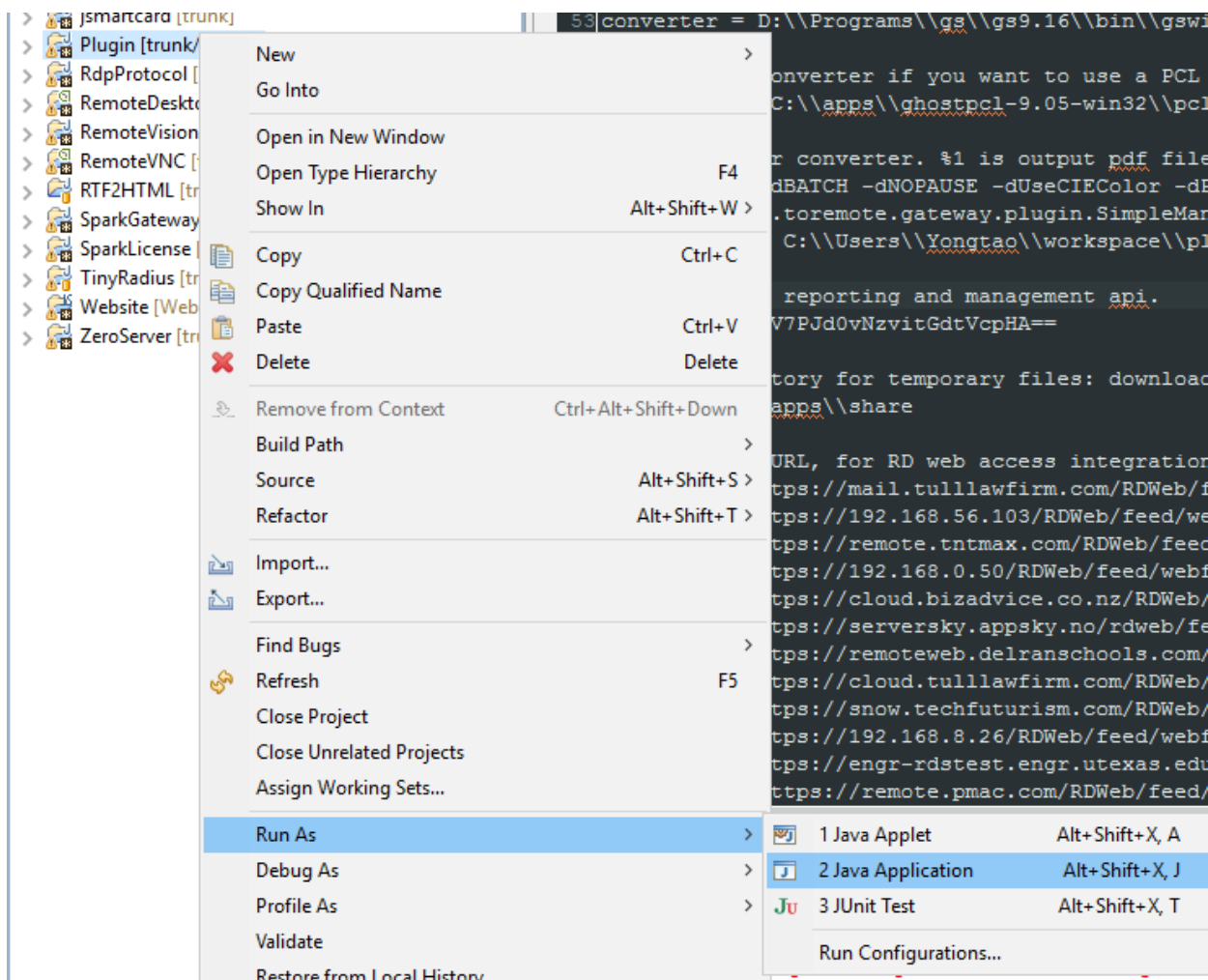
☐ Add project to working sets

Working sets:

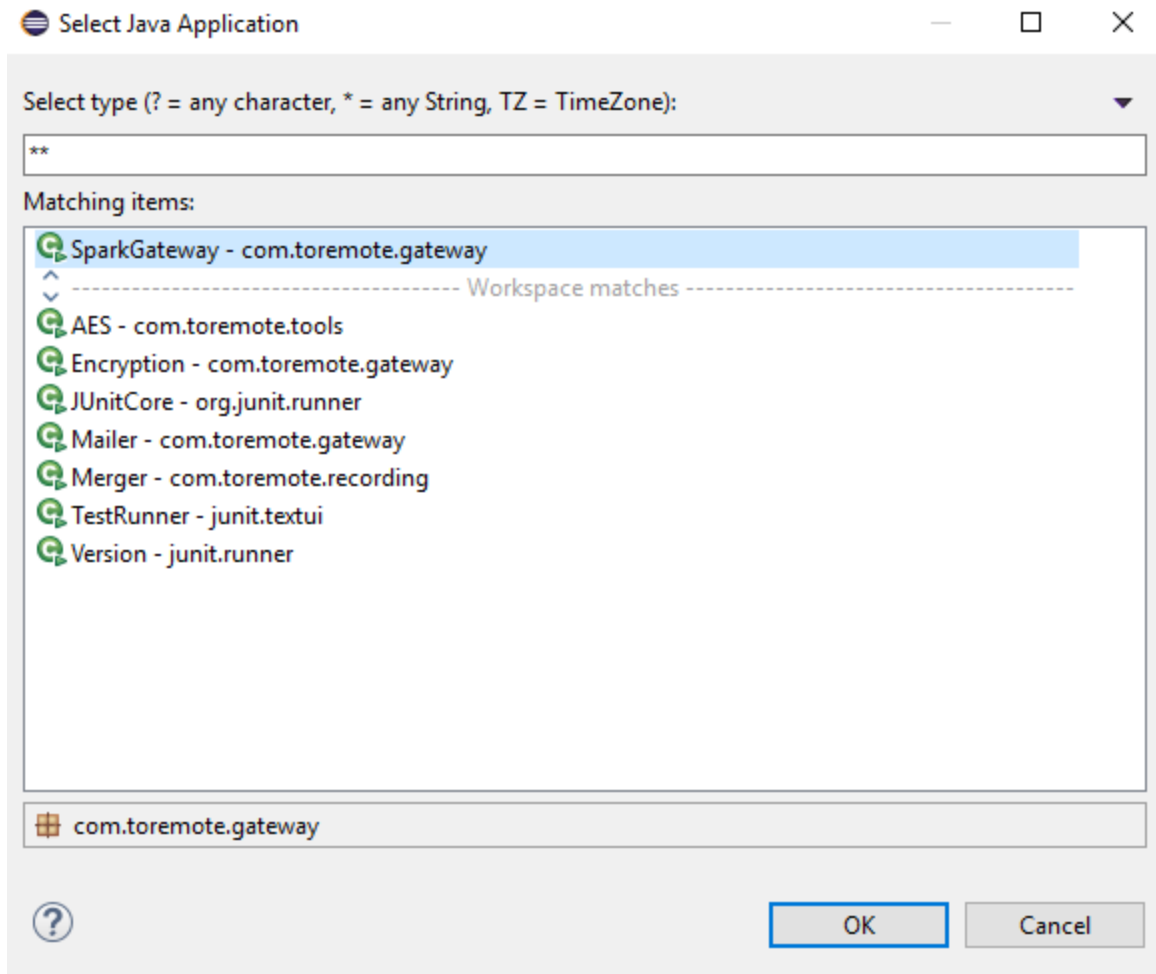
“Browse” to your workspace directory

Select the Plugin project.

Click “Finish”



Right click on the Plugin project, “Run As” -> “Java Application”



Make sure “SparkGateway – com.toremote.gateway” is selected. Click “OK”

Now the gateway with the plug-in is running in Eclipse. You can use the “Debug As” -> Java Application to debug your plug-in code.

#### Checklist:

- The SparkGateway.jar used by the plug-in project may be an old version (Plugin\libs\SparkGateway.jar). Please replace it with the one from your GatewayInstallDir\SparkGateway.jar, otherwise, some new APIs may not be available.

#### 4.2.2. Handshake plug-in

Handshake plug-in is invoked before establishing a RDP connection. It’s a good place to verify, modify or refuse the connection.

You can put any parameter you want when you create a connection on the client side. For example, you can put user’s session id (session on your portal) into a RDP connection:

```
var rdp = new svGlobal.Rdp('ws://myGateway/RDP?server=myServer&token=mySessionId&...');
```

Then in the handshake plug-in, you can get the parameter and verify it through a web server on your portal.

```
class SimpleHandshakePlugin implements HandshakeInterface{

    @Override

    public Map<String, String> onHandshake(Map<String, String> parameters) throws
ClientException{

        String token = parameters.get("token");

        if (isValidSession(token)){

            throw new ClientException("Invalid session");

        }

        return parameters;

    }

}
```

You can also encrypt the token from your portal (encrypted on server side), then decrypt it in the plug-in:

```
public Map<String, String> onHandshake(Map<String, String> parameters) throws
ClientException{

    String token = decryptToken(token);//throw ClientException if not valid

    Map<String, String> paramsFromToken = parseToken(token);

    parameters.put(RdpParameter.server, paramsFromToken.get("server"));

    parameters.put(RdpParameter.user, paramsFromToken.get("user"));

    parameters.put(RdpParameter.pwd, paramsFromToken.get("pwd"));

    String userIp = parameters.get(RdpParameter.ARG_CLIENT_IP);

    //enable recording

    parameters.put(RdpParameter.sessionRecord, "1");//enable session recording

    //specify the recording file name (optional)
```

```

        parameters.put(RdpParameter.RECRODING_FILE_NAME, "myFileName");

        return parameters;
    }

```

#### **Best practices:**

- Make sure your plug-in code is thread-safe.
- Make sure your code can be executed in 3-5 seconds, otherwise, please consider running it in a thread.
- You can also use the HTTP API instead if possible.
- Please check the plug-in example on our web site for more details.

#### **4.2.3. Deploy your plug-in**

Export the jar file:

Right click on the project, "Export", select "Runnable JAR file" under Java.

Choose "SparkGateway - Plugin" in Launch configuration.

Choose export destination.

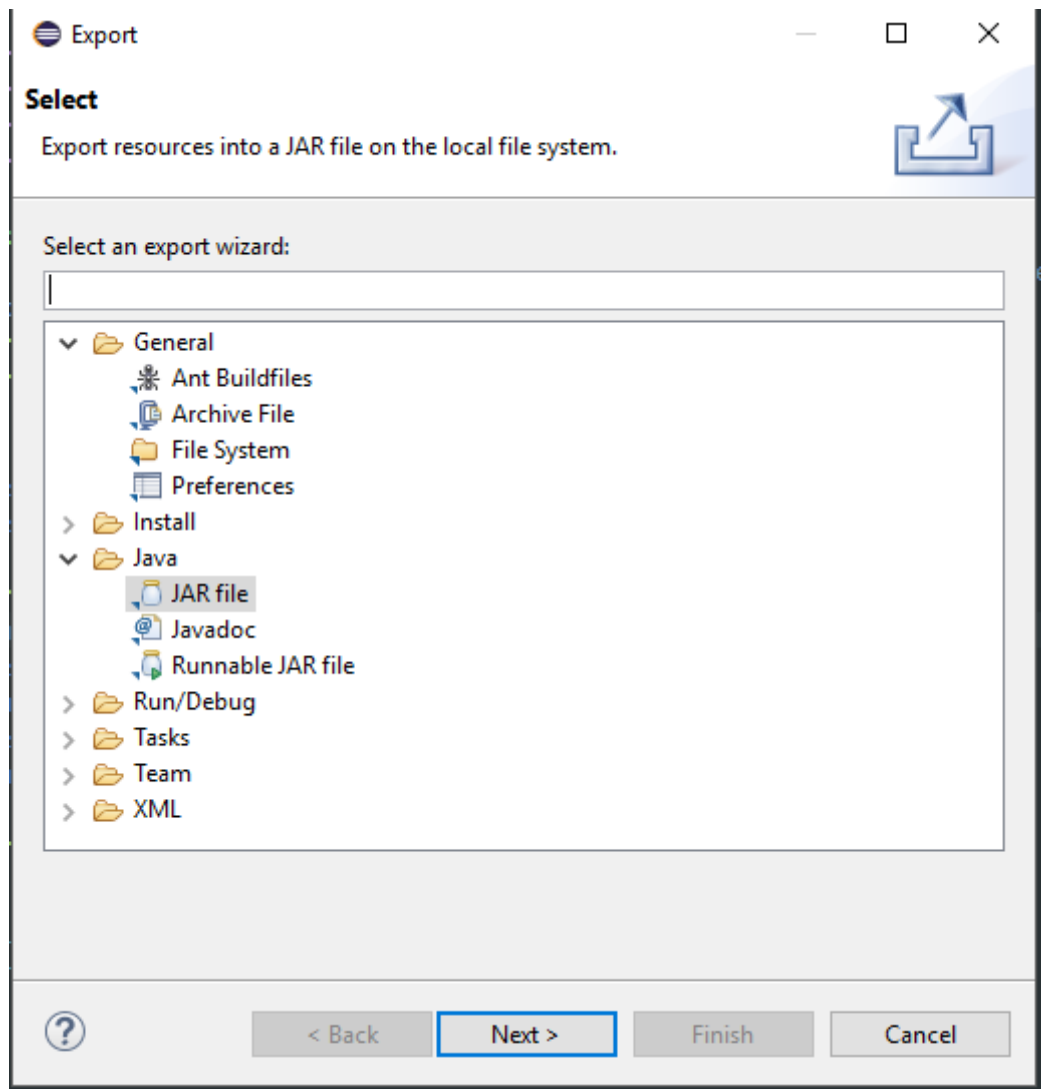
Click "Finish"

Make sure "Extract required libraries into generated JAR" selected in "Library handling"

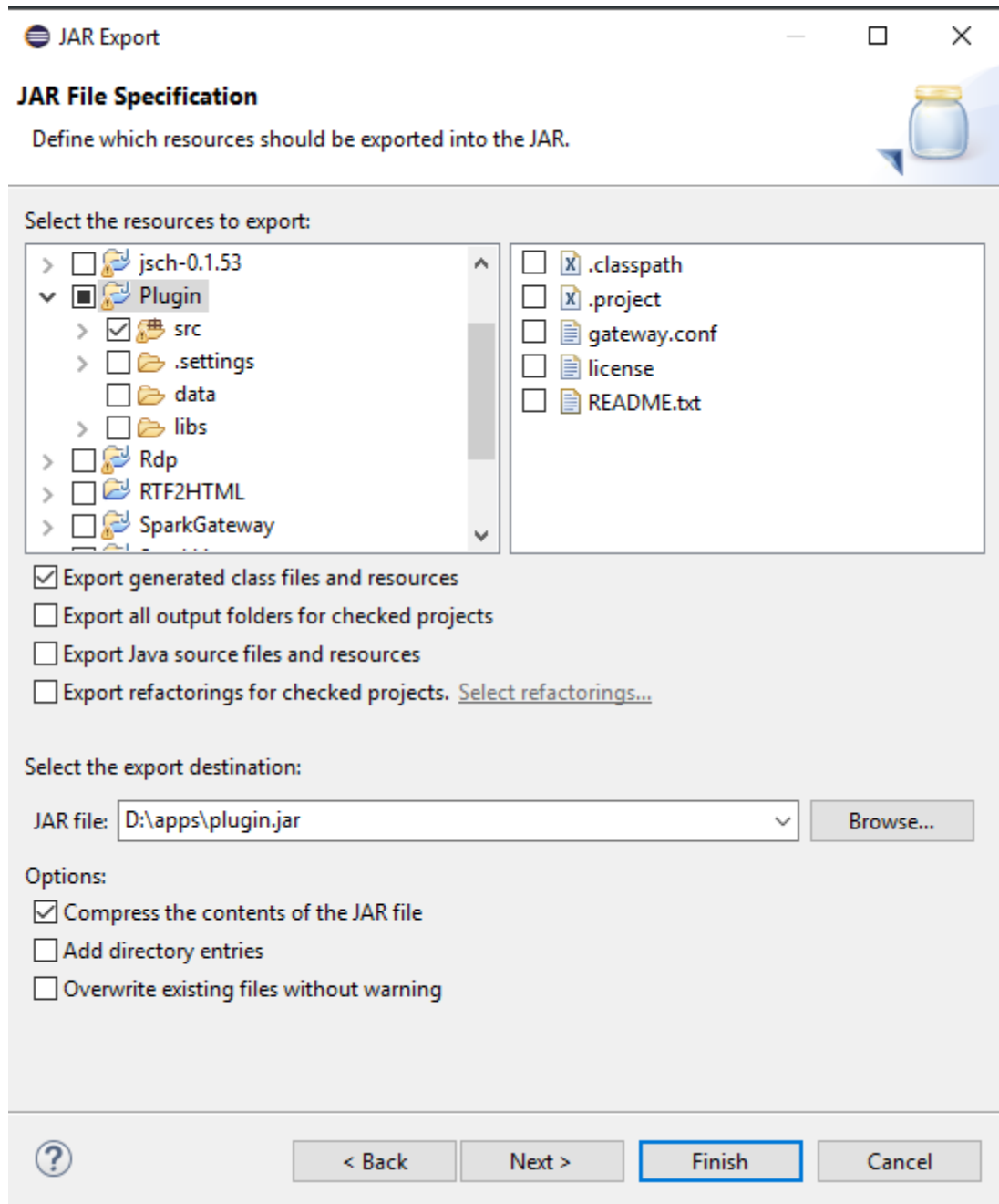
It's better to put your plug-in can be in a separated jar file. In this case, you should set up your plug-in file path in gateway.conf:

```
pluginFile=theLocationOfYourPlugin.jar
```

Here is how to export the plug-in into a separated jar file (without the content of SparkGateway.jar):



Make sure only the “src” directory selected:



Click “Finish” and make sure you configure the pluginFile entry in gateway.conf

## Appendix A: Integration with symlink Use Case

Actors: User, User Portal, Spark Gateway

Preconditions:

## User Portal

- Have user credentials in plain text.

## Spark Gateway

- Configure password in gateway.conf.
- Allow IP addresses of User Portal to access the Spark Gateway API (Optional, Admin Manual 3.25).
- Create RDP servers with config.html or HTTP API (Integration Guide 4.1), and make it as a white list.
- Allow symlink access only by setting symlinkOnly = true in gateway.conf. Server id or address will not be allowed to create a connection.
- Disable VNC access by setting vnc = false in gateway.conf (SSH, Telnet are disabled by default).

## Basic flow:

1. User login to User Portal.
2. (optional) User Portal create a server on Spark Gateway with HTTP API if that server is not created yet:  
<http://gatewayAddress/SERVER?id=serverId&displayName=Name&server=hostName&gatewayPwd=passwordInGateway.conf&...>; Check if server exists: <http://w-think/SERVER?action=list&gatewayPwd=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3&id=serverId>; The gateway will return HTTP Status code 500 and {"error": "not found"} in JSON format.
3. User Portal create a symlink on Spark Gateway with HTTP API:  
'<http://gatewayAddress/SYMLINK?symlink=symlinkId&server=existingServerId&validTime=8h&gatewayPwd=passwordInGateway.conf&parameters=>' +  
[encodeURIComponent\('user=domainUser&pwd=domainPassword&domain=domain'\)](http://gatewayAddress/SYMLINK?symlink=symlinkId&server=existingServerId&validTime=8h&gatewayPwd=passwordInGateway.conf&parameters=)');
4. User portal construct a connection link and display it to user:  
<http://gateway/rdpdirect.html?symlink=symlinkId&displayName=nameOnBrowserTitle>; or use the Spark View JS library directly to create a connection: `var rdp = new svGlobal.Rdp('wss://gateway/RDP?symlink=symlinkId&..', width, height, color);`
5. User click the link and connect.
6. User portal delete the symlink when user exist or close the browser:  
<http://gatewayAddress/SYMLINK?symlink=symlinkId&action=delete>

## Pros:

- Easy and secure.
- Symlink will be invalid or deleted and it cannot be reused by other.
- No need to send the user credential to the browser side.

## Cons:

- User domain credentials need to be sent to the gateway in plain text.

## Appendix B: Integration with third party application or HTTP service

Actors: User Portal, Spark Gateway, Third party application or HTTP server

Preconditions:

User Portal

- Prepare a token which can be used to verify user.

Spark Gateway

- Configure authToken.name, authToken.exec, authToken.sucessCode in gateway.conf.

Basic flow:

1. User Portal send the token to Spark Gateway along with other parameters.
2. Spark Gateway check if the token name is same as the value configured in authToken.name. It's same, then.
3. Spark Gateway execute the application or HTTP Request(GET) configured in authToken.exec, if the return code or HTTP Status code is same as the authToken.sucessCode, gateway will allow the connection, otherwise reject it.

## Appendix C: Integration with plugin Use Case

Actors: User, User Portal, Spark Gateway

Preconditions:

User Portal:

- Have user credentials in plain text.
- Provide a service to verify the user (optional).

Spark Gateway:

- Write a simple plugin in java for Spark Gateway.
- Disable VNC access by setting vnc = false in gateway.conf (SSH, Telnet are disabled by default).

Basic flow:

1. User login to User Portal.
2. User Portal encrypt the user credential and other information like User Portal session id as a token string, for example:  
'user=domainUser&pwd=domainPassword&domain=domain&session=id'.

3. User Portal construct a connection link and display it to user:  
`http://gateway/rdpdirect.html?token=myEcrypteToken&displayName=nameOnBrowserTitle&otherParameters`; or use the Spark View JS library directly to create a connection: `var rdp = new svGlobal.Rdp('wss://gateway/RDP?token=myEcrypteToken&...', width, height, color);`
4. User click the link and connect.
5. Spark Gateway plugin decrypt the token, verify the user session (optional) and put the decrypted RDP parameters back (Please check the plugin example for details:  
`http://www.remotespark.com/Plugin.zip`)

Pros:

- User credentials are encrypted.
- Encryption and decryption are done on server side which is pretty safe.
- Plugin can also be used to verify if user is from a valid session, or extend the SparkGateway functionality.

Cons:

- Need to write some lines of Java code for Spark View gateway.
- You may need to recompile the plugin when upgrading to a new version of Spark Gateway (if the plugin interface changed).
- Encrypted user credentials still need to be sent to the browser.

Both use cases are recommended. You can also consider to use them together (symlink with plugin), so user credentials can be encrypted and don't need to be sent to the client side.

If User Portal cannot have the user credentials in plain text, you can consider to create a temporary windows user account for every user and remove this account later.

## Appendix D: Chromium Embedded Framework (CEF), WebView and Electron

You can use CEF or Electron to make a standalone client, so Spark View client can access local resource directly (clipboard), and override some shortcuts keys reserved by the browser (Ctrl+T/W etc).

1. Let Spark View know it can access the clipboard directly by setting `directClipAccess: true` in `appcfg.js`.
2. For CEF, you need to enable `cef_state_t javascript_access_clipboard`.

3. For WebView, please check: <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/4200259/tapping-form-field-in-webview-does-not-show-soft-keyboard>
4. For Electron, you can also use `mainWindow.webContents.executeJavaScript('hi5.appcfg.directClipAccess=true')` to inject the code.